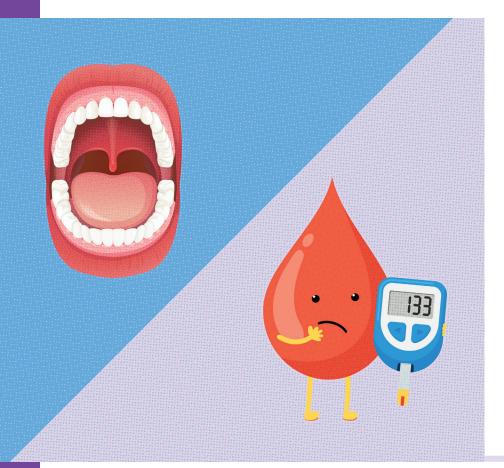
# DIABETES AND THE HEALTH OF YOUR MOUTH: A TWO-WAY RELATIONSHIP





### **KNOW YOUR RISK**

Almost 1 in 4 people living with diabetes have gum disease, making it more likely that they will struggle managing their blood sugar.

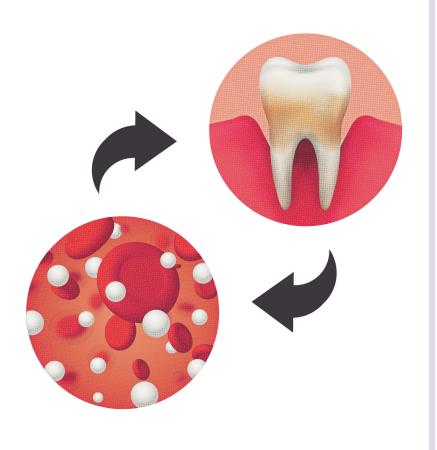
People with diabetes and gum disease are more likely to face serious health problems, like heart disease, kidney disease, and vision loss.

- Adults 20+ with diabetes are 40% more likely to have untreated cavities
- For those 50+, the risk is higher—56% more likely to lose teeth
- Issues with your gums, teeth, or breath might be early signs of diabetes, and diabetes makes these problems worse

## Gums & Diabetes Connection

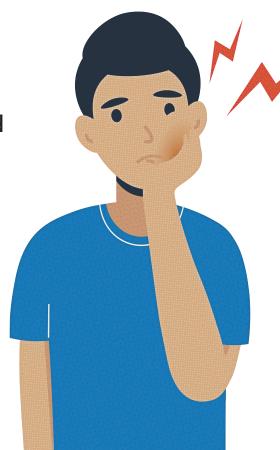
The link between diabetes and your mouth works both ways:

- High blood sugar makes gum disease worse and harder to treat.
- Gum infections make it harder to control blood sugar, creating a cycle of health problems.



### How Diabetes Affects Your Mouth

- Dry Mouth: Medication and/or blood sugar issues can cause you to produce less saliva, which can lead to cavities and gum disease.
- Gum Disease: High blood sugar causes gum inflammation.
- Tooth Loss: Untreated gum disease can result in losing teeth.
- Diabetes weakens your immune system, making it harder to heal infections, including in your mouth.



### TAKE ACTION: CONTROL BLOOD SUGAR AND PROTECT YOUR MOUTH

BY MANAGING YOUR DIABETES AND TAKING CARE OF YOUR TEETH AND GUMS, YOU CAN PREVENT TOOTH LOSS OR INFECTIONS

### THINGS TO DO EVERY DAY

Brush your teeth twice a day with a fluoride toothpaste and clean between your teeth

Avoid smoking or vaping

Follow your medical provider's advice to manage diabetes

Engage in at least 30 minutes of moderate physical activity

Eat a balanced diet and choose foods low in sugar to help control blood sugar

Avoid alcohol and sugar-sweetened beverages

Take your medications as prescribed

### **VISIT YOUR MEDICAL PROVIDER**

Get regular check-ups to ensure you're managing your blood sugar

See your doctor immediately if you have a foot sore that does not heal or get better in a few days

Ask about how diabetes affects your gums and teeth directly or via your medications

Talk about any pain, irritation, or bleeding in your mouth

Get advice on health screenings and steps you can take at home to improve your overall health

### **VISIT YOUR DENTIST\***

Get a cleaning at least twice per year

Tell your dentist about any changes with your gums, teeth, or breath, like bleeding, dryness, or discomfort

Ask your dentist to check for early signs of gum disease or diabetesrelated problems Share your medical history, current medications, and diabetes status

Ask if you need any special care

\* Your dentist might refer you to a specialist for extra care if needed

### FOR MORE INFORMATION AND RESOURCES



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